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6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
7 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
8 AT SEATTLE

9 RICKY PATU,

10 Plaintiff,

11 v.

12 SHERYL ALBERT, et al.,

Defendant.

NO. C17-728 JLR-BAT

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE  
REGARDING APPLICATION TO  
PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS**

13 On May 8, 2017, Plaintiff Ricky Patu, who is confined at the Monroe Correctional  
14 Complex Special Offender Unit (MCC-SOU), filed an application to proceed *in forma*  
15 *pauperis* (“IFP”) and a proposed 42 U.S.C. § 1983 complaint. Dkts. 1 and 1-1. In his  
16 complaint, Mr. Patu alleges that he has suffered from chronic constipation for about 11 years  
17 and that his requests to see an outside stomach specialist have twice been denied because his  
18 present medical provider believes his constipation is treatable. When he reviewed his chart in  
19 April 2017, Mr. Patu discovered that his stool samples had tested positive for blood but no one  
20 advised him of the test results. He also claims that nurses have on occasion forgotten to give  
21 him Metamucil for his constipation. Dkt. 1-1, p. 3. Mr. Patu names one MCC-SOU nurse and  
22 the entire medical department of the Washington State Penitentiary (“WSP”), however there  
23 are no specific factual allegations in the complaint as to any WSP personnel. *Id.*, p. 3.  
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1           Because Mr. Patu has brought more than three or more civil actions or appeals which  
2 have been dismissed as frivolous or for failure to state a claim, he is precluded from bringing  
3 any other civil action in forma pauperis unless he is under imminent danger of serious physical  
4 injury.

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6           Section 1915(g), enacted April 26, 1996, provides that a prisoner who brings three or  
7 more civil actions or appeals which are dismissed as frivolous or for failure to state a claim  
8 will be precluded from bringing any other civil action or appeal in forma pauperis “unless the  
9 prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury.” 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). A review  
10 of the Court’s records reflects that at least three of the cases Mr. Patu filed while incarcerated  
11 were dismissed as frivolous or for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.  
12 Thus, he may not proceed with this complaint without prepayment of the full filing fee, absent  
13 a showing that he was “under imminent danger of serious physical injury,” at the time he  
14 signed his civil rights complaint on April 21, 2014. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g)<sup>1</sup>.

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16           Mr. Patu makes no allegation that he was under “imminent danger of serious physical  
17 injury,” at the time he filed his complaint, *see Andrews v. Cervantes*, 493 F.3d 1047, 1053 (9th  
18 Cir. 2007). Mr. Patu complains of an ongoing issue with constipation for which he has been  
19 receiving treatment. The tests that show blood in his stool appear to be merely a symptom of  
20 that ongoing issue and not a new condition that is causing imminent danger or for which he is  
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24           <sup>1</sup> In *Patu v. Albert*, Mr. Patu’s case was dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). See Dkt. 14 in  
25 Case No. 14-765 MJP. In *Patu v. Lee, et al.*, Mr. Patu’s case was dismissed for failure to state a claim and the  
26 dismissal counted as a strike under Section 1915(g). See Dkts. 14 and 17 in Case No. 15-5332 RJB. In *Patu v.*  
*Albert*, Mr. Patu’s case was dismissed for failure to state a claim. See Dkts. 11, 13-14 in Case No. 15-722 RSM.  
In *Patu v. Bennett*, Mr. Patu’s case was dismissed for failure to state a claim. Dkts. 15, 16 in Case No. 14-765  
MJP.

1 not receiving treatment. Instead, it appears Mr. Patu disagrees with Nurse Albert's conclusion  
2 that a consult with an independent stomach specialist is not necessary. Having liberally  
3 construed the facts presented, the Court finds Mr. Patu is ineligible to file this lawsuit in  
4 federal court without paying \$400.00 (\$350.00 filing fee plus \$50.00 administrative fee).  
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6 Therefore, **IT IS ORDERED** that Mr. Patu shall show cause **by June 9, 2017** why his  
7 IFP application should not be denied. In the alternative, Mr. Patu must pay the \$400.00 filing  
8 fee for this action. Failure to do so, will be construed as Mr. Patu's consent to dismissal of this  
9 action without prejudice for failure to comply with the filing fee requirements of 28 U.S.C. §§  
10 1914 and 1915. Mr. Patu is further advised that if he elects to pay the \$400.00 filing fee and  
11 proceed with this action, the Court will address the deficiencies of his complaint in a separate  
12 order.  
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14 **DATED** this 12th day of May, 2017.

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16 BRIAN A. TSUCHIDA  
17 United States Magistrate Judge  
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